

SIMPLE IRA VS. 401(K)

WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE?

When a small business starts analyzing the various retirement plan options for their company and their employees, most will be drawn to either a SIMPLE IRA or 401(k) Plan.

BUT WHICH IS THE BEST OPTION?

The answer hinges on several factors depending on the priorities and preferences of the business. Some important questions to ask are:

- What is my primary purpose of installing this retirement plan? Is it to benefit the staff, maximize the owners, or a combination of both?
- How flexible do you want the plan to be?
- How do you want to structure your employee benefits?

	SIMPLE IRA	401(K)
Employee Contributions	\$13,500 salary deferrals allowed \$3,000 additional catch-up (Ages 50+) Pre-tax contributions only (No Roth)	\$19,500 salary deferrals allowed \$6,500 additional catch-up (Ages 50+) Pre-tax or Roth contributions allowed
Employer Contributions	Required 3.00% employer match or 2.00% non-elective No additional options	Optional Safe Harbor contributions (Fully vested) Matching Contribution Discretionary Profit Sharing
Maximum Annual Contribution Per Participant	Employee: \$13,500 (plus \$3,000 for ages 50+) Employer: 3.00% employer match or 2.00% non-elective	Contributions up to the lesser of 100% of an employee's compensation or \$58,000 for 2021 (\$64,500 for ages 50+)
Eligibility	Participants must have earned at least \$5,000 in any of the two preceding years AND be reasonably expected to earn \$5,000 this year No age limit	Employers have flexibility. The maximum requirements are: - Completion of one year of service - 12 months with 1,000 hours - Minimum age is 21 years old
Form 5500 Filings	No	Yes